

Quiz #14 - HW Quiz

4.3 p 219 (# 64)

use the Laplace transform to solve *

$$y' + y = f(t), \quad y(0) = 0$$

$$\text{where } f(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq t < 1 \\ -1, & t \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

SOL: $f(t) = 1 - 1u(t-1) + (-1)u(t-1) = 1 - 2u(t-1)$

$$\mathcal{L}\{y' + y\} = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{y'\} + \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$$

$$(sY(s) - y(0)) + Y(s) = \mathcal{L}\{1 - 2u(t-1)\}$$

$$sY(s) - 0 + Y(s) = \mathcal{L}\{1\} - 2 \underbrace{\mathcal{L}\{u(t-1)\}}_{\text{using 10a}}$$

$$sY(s) + Y(s) = \frac{1}{s} - 2e^{-s} \mathcal{L}\{1\}$$

$$Y(s)(s+1) = \frac{1}{s} - 2e^{-s} \frac{1}{s}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+1)} - \frac{2e^{-s}}{s(s+1)}$$

$$y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{Y(s)\} = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{ \frac{1}{s(s+1)} - \frac{2e^{-s}}{s(s+1)} \right\}$$

$$\frac{1}{s(s+1)} = \frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+1} \Rightarrow$$

$$1 = A(s+1) + Bs$$

$$1 = (A+B)s + A$$

$$A+B=0 \Rightarrow A=-B$$

$$A=1 \Rightarrow B=-1$$



$$y(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s}\right\} - \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s+1}\right\} - \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{2e^{-s}\left[\frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s+1}\right]\right\}$$

$$= 1 - e^{-t} - 2\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{e^{-s}\left[\frac{1}{s}\right]\right\} + 2\mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{e^{-s}\left[\frac{1}{s+1}\right]\right\}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \swarrow \\ \begin{array}{l} \overbrace{e^{-as}}^{a=1} \overbrace{G(s)} \\ G(s) = \frac{1}{s} \\ \Rightarrow g(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{s}\right\} = 1 \\ \Rightarrow g(t-1) = 1 \end{array} \quad \left| \quad \begin{array}{l} \overbrace{e^{-as}}^{a=1} \overbrace{H(s)} \\ H(s) = \frac{1}{s+1} \\ \Rightarrow h(t) = e^{-t} \\ \Rightarrow h(t-1) = e^{-(t-1)} \end{array} \end{array}$$

by formula #10

$$= 1 - e^{-t} - 2 \cdot 1 \cdot u(t-1) + 2 \cdot e^{-(t-1)} \cdot u(t-1)$$

$$= \boxed{1 - e^{-t} - 2[1 - e^{-(t-1)}]u(t-1)}$$