



Activity 2.3 – Definition and Properties of the Derivative

$$\begin{aligned} 1. \quad (a) \quad f'(x) &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(9(x + \Delta x) + 2) - (9x + 2)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(9x + 9\Delta x + 2) - (9x + 2)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{9x + 9\Delta x + 2 - 9x - 2}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{9\Delta x}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} 9 \\ &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$(b) \quad f'(x) = 4x$$

$$(c) \quad f'(x) = 6x - 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2. \quad y' &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^3 - x^3}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^3 + 3x^2 \cdot \Delta x + 3x \cdot \Delta x^2 + \Delta x^3 - x^3}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{3x^2 \cdot \Delta x + 3x \cdot \Delta x^2 + \Delta x^3}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} (3x^2 + 3x \cdot \Delta x + \Delta x^2) \\ &= 3x^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$3. \quad (a) \quad f'(x) = (ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d)' = (ax^3)' + (bx^2)' + (cx)' + (d)' = 3ax^2 + 2bx + c$$

$$(b) \quad (i) \quad f'(x) = 6x^2 - 2x; \quad f''(x) = 12x - 2$$

$$(ii) \quad g'(x) = -3.6x^2 + 4.6x + 0.6; \quad g''(x) = -7.2x + 4.6$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4. \quad (k \cdot f(x))' &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{k \cdot f(x + \Delta x) - k \cdot f(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= k \cdot \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= k \cdot f'(x) \end{aligned} \qquad \begin{aligned} (f(x) + g(x))' &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{[f(x + \Delta x) + g(x + \Delta x)] - [f(x) + g(x)]}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x) + g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} + \frac{g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)}{\Delta x} \right] \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= f'(x) + g'(x) \end{aligned}$$